

Global Identifiers Task Force

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Global ID Format Proposal

- `<global identifier> ::= <domain part> ":" <local part>`
- `<domain part> ::=` DNS like name identifying the *sourcing organisation*
- `<local part> ::=`
 - Only alpha-numerics, hyphen (-) and period (.) allowed
 - Underscore character (_) is not an allowed character
 - No blank or space characters are allowed
 - No distinction is made between upper and lower case
 - The local part should start with a letter or a number
- Total length of Global IDs at most 64 characters

Examples of Global IDs

- NETHERLIGHT.NET:2161LE
- NeThErLiGhT.NeT:2161Le
- netherlight.net:2161le
- canarie.ca:KISTI-UNINETT-GLIF-001
- dcn.internet2.edu:6811
- es.net:4005

(first three are the same identifier)

Possible Extension to e.g. URN

- The proposed format can easily be extended to an RFC 2141 like URN naming scheme by prefixing it, e.g.

urn:ogf:netherlight.net:2161le

or

urn:glif:netherlight.net:2161le

Global IDs in Daily Operations

- Global ID should be set at lightpath setup
- Sourcing Organisation picks the name
- Global IDs should be used in planned work announcements and tickets
- Global IDs should be used in correspondence about outages (e.g. tickets, email, etc.)

Next Steps

- Documenting Inter-Domain Correspondence
 - Contact all domains or peers only?
 - Proposal: all domains involved in affected lightpath
 - Who contacts end users?
 - Proposal: The domain where the user connects to
 - When to send or redistribute tickets?
 - (I am not sure if we can set a global policy; some domains may be required by local policies to always send a ticket)

Discussion....